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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/711,337	09/12/2004		Hideaki Saito	SIMTEK6974 5336	
25776	7590	02/13/2006		EXAM	INER
ERNEST A		ER, ATTORNEY	OLSON, LARS A		
NEWPORT BEACH, CA 92660				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				3617	

DATE MAILED: 02/13/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

en i i i i	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/711,337	SAITO, HIDEAKI					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Lars A. Olson	3617					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timil apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u></u> .						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	33 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
 4) Claim(s) 1-6 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-6 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on 12 September 2004 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objec drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)	_						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)						
 2) Notice of Draitsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12102004. 		atent Application (PTO-152)					

Application/Control Number: 10/711,337

Art Unit: 3617

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Onoue (US 6,287,160) in view of Nakamura (US 6,165,032).

Onoue discloses a tilt and trim arrangement for a marine propulsion device, as shown in Figures 1-12, that is comprised of a first unit, defined as Part #88, for fixed pivotal movement relative to the hull of a watercraft, as shown in Figure 1, and a second unit, defined as Part #90, that is adapted for connection to an outboard drive, as shown in Figure 2, said first unit being further comprised of a body that defines a cylinder bore, and said second unit being further comprised of a piston rod that is connected to a tilt piston with valves, defined as Part #166, that is located above a trim piston, defined as Part #168, as shown in Figures 8-12. A floating piston, defined as Part #170, is also provided below said tilt piston for further damping the degree of movement of said tilt piston.

Onoue, as set forth above, discloses all of the features claimed except for the use of a spring-biased piston for further damping the degree of movement of a tilt piston.

Application/Control Number: 10/711,337

Art Unit: 3617

Nakamura discloses a tilt cylinder device for an outboard motor, as shown in Figures 1-8B, that includes a tilt piston, defined as Part #23, with shock absorbing valves, defined as Parts #26 and 27, for controlling the flow of fluid between two chambers within a cylinder assembly, defined as Part #20, and a spring-biased piston, defined as Part #24, for further damping the degree of movement of said tilt piston in one of said chambers. Said spring-biased piston is further comprised of a coil spring, defined as Part #86, that encircles a piston rod, defined as Part #46. Said coil spring is contained at least in part within a recess formed in said tilt piston and said spring-biased piston, as shown in Figure 3A.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, to utilize a spring-biased piston, as taught by Nakamura, in place of the floating piston of the tilt and trim arrangement as disclosed by Onoue for the purpose of providing a means for additionally damping the movement of a tilt piston within a cylinder assembly.

Conclusion

3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Uppgard et al. (US 6,176,170) discloses a hydraulic actuator with a shock absorbing means in the form of a spring-biased piston.

Page 3

Art Unit: 3617

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication from the examiner should be directed to Exr. Lars Olson whose telephone number is (571) 272-6685.

lo

February 6, 2006

LARS A. OLSON

2/6/06